



Facts

Portfolio value Fund commenced Minimum investment Regular Investment Plan (min.) Income distribution date Unit valuation

Invested positions 3

Unit prices C Class

Unit prices P Class

\$5.04 bn
04 March 2003
A\$10,000 or NZ\$10,000
A/NZ\$5000 plus A/NZ\$200 mth/qtr
Annual, 30 June
Sydney Business Day
App - 2.9636 Red - 2.9517
App - 1.0509 Red - 1.0467

Performance 1			
	C Class %	P Class %	MSCI %
1 month	4.12	4.23	4.92
3 months	8.17	8.05	7.07
6 months	19.18	18.44	13.59
Calendar year to date	22.84	21.78	8.47
1 year	28.55	27.49	13.66
2 years (compound pa)	20.78	20.43	15.07
3 years (compound pa)	9.59	9.43	7.35
5 years (compound pa)	11.08		9.86
7 years (compound pa)	12.66		11.06
10 years (compound pa)	10.38		8.97
Since inception (compound pa)*	14.78	13.07	10.31

invocated positions				
	Long %	Short %	Net %	Currency %
Asia-Pacific	88.3	(8.0)	80.4	96.9
Macao	0.5		0.5	0.5
China	47.1		47.1	47.1
Hong Kong	7.0		7.0	9.1
Taiwan	7.4	(4.1)	3.3	3.5
India	8.9		8.9	9.2
Korea	11.9	(3.8)	8.1	12.0
Philippines	1.5		1.5	1.5
Thailand	1.6		1.6	1.6
Vietnam	2.5		2.5	2.5
Australian Dollar				0.6
China Renminbi Off Shore				9.3
Singapore Dollar				0.1
North America				3.0
United States Dollar				3.0
Europe				0.1
UK Pound Sterling				0.1
Sub-Total	88.3	(8.0)	80.4	100.0
Cash	11.7	8.0	19.6	
Total	100.0		100.0	100.0

Long - 45 stocks Short - 2 indices

Fees

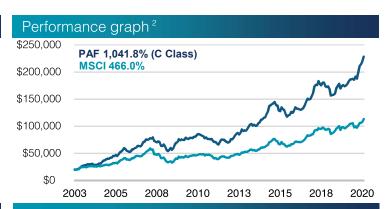
Entry fee Nil

Buy/sell spread 0.20%/0.20%

Fee: C Class Investment Management 1.35% p.a. Investment Performance N/A
P Class Investment Management 1.10% p.a.

Class Investment Management 1.10% p.a. Investment Performance 15.00% p.a.*

*of the amount by which the Fund's return exceeds its index return



Top ten positions 4			
Stock	Country	Industry	%
Tencent Holdings	China	Comm Services	7.2
Taiwan Semiconductor	Taiwan	Info Technology	6.4
Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	Korea	Info Technology	5.6
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	China	Cons Discretionary	4.9
AIA Group Ltd	Hong Kong	Financials	3.8
LG Chem Ltd	Korea	Materials	3.4
Ping An Insurance	China	Financials	3.3
Reliance Industries Ltd	India	Energy	3.1
Li Ning Co Ltd	China	Cons Discretionary	3.0
SK Hynix Inc	Korea	Info Technology	2.9
		Total	43.7

Industry breakdown 3			
Sector	Long %	Short %	Net %
Consumer Discretionary	25.2		25.2
Info Technology	20.1		20.1
Financials	11.3		11.3
Communication Services	10.8		10.8
Real Estate	5.3		5.3
Materials	3.4		3.4
Energy	3.1		3.1
Industrials	3.0		3.0
Consumer Staples	2.5		2.5
Health Care	1.2		1.2
Other	2.4	(8.0)	(5.5)

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1. & 2. Source: Platinum for Fund returns and Factset Research Systems for MSCI returns. Investment returns are calculated using the Fund's NAV unit price (i.e. exclude a buy/sell spread) for C Class (as indicated), and represent the combined income and capital returns for each of these unit classes in the specified period. All returns are pre-tax, net of fees and costs and assume the reinvestment of distributions. Returns for P Class are net of any accrued investment performance fee. The returns are calculated entitle to the MSCI All Country Asia ex-J

4. The "Top ten positions" show the Fund's top ten long securities positions as a percentage of the market value of the Fund's portfolio (including long securities and long securities derivative positions).
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Market update and commentary

- Asia's strong performance continued in October.
- China's recovery appears on a solid footing.
- Amid slack global growth our portfolio is tilted toward large cap quality in Asia for now.

October saw another strong performance for the Fund and Asian equity markets in general. Strong performers for the month included Chinese internet giants **Tencent** and **Meituan Dianping**, while Chinese travel-related stocks **Huazhu** and **Trip.com** detracted.

China's ongoing recovery

It is becoming increasingly clear to us that China's industrial recovery is solid and the consumer economy is following. Early October saw the release of Chinese GDP figures for the quarter to 30 September 2020: China's GDP grew 4.9% versus the year prior, industrial production grew 6.9% versus the year prior, fixed asset investment was up 0.8% on the year prior, and retail sales grew 3.3% on 2019 levels (Source: Bloomberg). These official statistics are corroborated in currency markets, with the Chinese yuan and Korean won strengthening appreciably against the US dollar in recent months.

It is worth noting that this relative strength is at a time of very weak demand globally. This highlights the reality that China's direction is toward less reliance on trade, more internal demand and building its internal technological skills and capital base to lessen dependence on external parties, in our view.

Perhaps as a result of the relative strength of its economy, China has been sufficiently confident in recent weeks to pass a law permitting legislators to curtail rare earths exports. "China may take countermeasures against any country or region that abuses export-control measures and poses a threat to China's national security and interests, according to the law," the official Xinhua News Agency reported (Source: Nikkei).

Trade tension continues

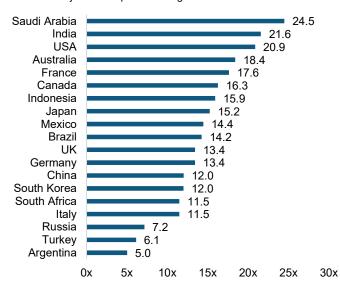
Meanwhile, the Trump administration continued its aggressive stance toward not just China but other exporting nations, launching an investigation into the trade practices of Vietnam, with particular focus on whether the country is a currency manipulator (Source: Wall Street Journal). The effect of aggressive and bilateral trade policy pursued by the Trump administration has been to lessen certainty for capital allocators in global supply lines: when Germany, Canada, Mexico, Vietnam, Japan and China have all been threatened with trade sanctions, it is difficult for businesses to know where to invest in global supply chains, particularly as such investments require many years to earn a return on capital. It is unsurprising in this context that we have been in an industrial recession globally for nearly three years, on our analysis.

Our tilt toward quality in Asia

As a result of trade tensions and the resultant lack of dynamism in the industrial economy globally, coupled with investor aversion to China in particular and emerging markets in general, we shifted the portfolio in 2018 to focus largely on high-quality, domestic companies in the region. As a result, as we have indicated in prior months, we do not currently have a portfolio of deep value stocks: the forward price-earnings ratio of the portfolio as a whole is approximately 21 times. However, we do not think we are overpaying for the region's best companies, when these trade on heavy discounts to comparable companies in other regions, in our view.

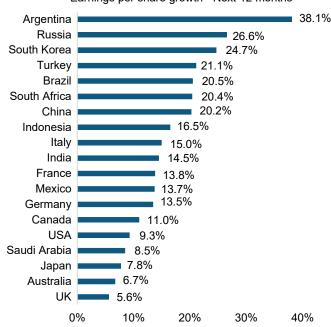
As the global economy returns to work in a post-Covid world, we will likely need to pivot the portfolio to include more economic leverage given the exceptional value apparent, particularly as this might well occur in the presence of substantial fiscal support in major economies. Given our experience in the 2016-17 recovery in Asia, when large, liquid names led equity markets until late in 2017, and given ongoing lockdowns and disruption in Europe and the Americas, we believe we have ample time to make this adjustment as needed.

Major market price-earnings ratios - Next 12 months



Source: Chart 1 – IBES consensus, in local currency. Correct as at 5 November 2020.

Earnings per share growth - Next 12 months



Source: Chart 2 – IBES consensus, in local currency. Correct as at 5 November 2020.

Chart 1 and 2 shows valuations based on sell-side consensus estimates. It is worth noting at this stage, that in our view these earnings forecasts will very likely come down substantially to reflect the impact of the coronavirus-related slowdown on the global economy.