Platinum Asia Fund ARSN 104 043 110

MONTHLY REPORT 31 January 2022

FACTS

Portfolio value Fund commenced Minimum investment A\$10,000 or NZ\$10,000

Regular Investment Plan (min.) Income distribution date

Unit valuation Unit prices C Class Unit prices P Class

\$4.17 bn 04 March 2003

A/NZ\$5,000 plus A/NZ\$200 mth/qtr

Annual, 30 June Sydney Business Day App - 2.6010 Red - 2.5932 App - 0.9263 Red - 0.9235

PERFORMANCE 1

	C Class %	P Class %	MSCI %
1 month	2.5	2.5	0.0
3 months	3.4	3.4	0.7
6 months	1.4	1.5	(2.1)
Calendar year to date	2.5	2.5	0.0
1 year	(4.5)	(4.3)	(3.4)
2 years (compound pa)	13.4	13.1	7.1
3 years (compound pa)	14.5	14.3	9.6
5 years (compound pa)	12.8		10.9
7 years (compound pa)	8.3		8.0
10 years (compound pa)	12.9		11.1
Since inception (compound pa)	14.0	10.6	9.9

INVESTED POSITIONS

	LONG %	SHORT %	NET %	CCY %
Asia-Pacific	88.0	(1.0)	86.9	95.3
Australia				0.3
China	45.1		45.1	45.6
Hong Kong	6.4		6.4	13.6
Taiwan	6.5		6.5	6.5
India	10.8	(1.0)	9.8	10.1
Macao	1.2		1.2	1.2
Philippines	1.7		1.7	1.7
Singapore	1.0		1.0	1.0
South Korea	9.8		9.8	9.8
Vietnam	5.5		5.5	5.6
Europe				8.0
United Kingdom				0.8
North America				3.9
United States of America				3.9
Sub-Total	88.0	(1.0)	86.9	100.0
Cash	12.0	1.0	13.1	
Total	100.0		100.0	100.0

Long - 59 stocks, 1 swap Short - 1 swap, 2 indices

Nil Entry fee 0.15%/0.15% Buy/sell spread

C Class Investment management 1.35% p.a.

Investment performance N/A

P Class Investment management 1.10% p.a.

Investment performance 15.00% p.a.*

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PERFORMANCE GRAPH²

FEES



TOP TEN POSITIONS

STOCK	COUNTRY	INDUSTRY	%
Taiwan Semiconductor	Taiwan	Info Technology	5.8
Samsung Electronics Co	South Korea	Info Technology	4.7
Tencent Holdings Ltd	China	Comm Services	4.4
Vietnam Ent Investments	Vietnam	Other	4.0
ZTO Express Cayman Inc	China	Industrials	3.7
InterGlobe Aviation Ltd	India	Industrials	3.4
Ping An Insurance Group	China	Financials	3.4
China Resources Land Ltd	China	Real Estate	3.2
SK Hynix Inc	South Korea	Info Technology	3.1
AIA Group Ltd	Hong Kong	Financials	3.0
	_	Total	38.8

INDUSTRY BREAKDOWN³

SECTOR	LONG %	SHORT %	NET %
Consumer Discretionary	18.1		18.1
Information Technology	16.5	(1.0)	15.5
Financials	14.8		14.8
Industrials	12.2		12.2
Real Estate	10.9		10.9
Communication Services	4.4	(0.1)	4.3
Materials	3.5		3.5
Consumer Staples	2.8		2.8
Health Care	8.0		8.0
Other	4.0		4.0

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^{*} of the amount by which the Fund's return exceeds its index return

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1. & 2. Source: Platinum for Fund returns and Factset Research Systems for MSCI returns. Investment returns are calculated using the Fund's NAV unit price (i.e. exclude a buy/sell spread) for C Class and P Class (as indicated), and represent the combined income and capital returns for each of these unit classes in the specified period. All returns are pre-tax, net of fees and costs and assume the reinvestment of distributions. Returns for P Class are net of any accrued investment performance fee. The returns are calculated relative to the MSCI All Country Asia ex-Japan Net Index in A\$. Since inception date for C Class is 04/03/03 and for P Class is 03/07/17. Since inception date of C Class has been used for the purposes of calculating since inception returns of the index. The investment returns depicted in the graph are cumulative on A\$20,000 invested in C Class units in the Fund since the C Class inception date. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Platinum does not invest by reference to the weightings of the index. The index is provided as a reference only.

3. The "Long %" is the exposure to long securities/index derivative positions, the "Short %" is the exposure to short securities and short securities/index derivative positions, each as a percentage of the market value of the Fund's portfolio. The "Currency %" is the effective currency exposure as a percentage of the market value of the Fund's portfolio, taking into account long and short securities, cash, forwards and long and short securities/index derivative positions. For the "Industry breakdown", index positions (whether through ETFs or derivatives) are only included under the relevant sector if they are sector specific, otherwise they are included under "Other".

^{3.} and 4. Country classifications for securities reflect Bloomberg's "country of risk" designations, and currency classifications for securities reflect the relevant local currencies of our country classifications 4. The "Top ten positions" show the Fund's top ten long securities positions as a percentage of the market value of the Fund's portfolio (including long securities and long securities derivative positions).

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MARKET UPDATE AND COMMENTARY

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- · Perceptions of risk versus the reality.
- China's restrained monetary response to COVID.

Amid the volatility of January in many markets, Non-Japan Asian markets were calm, with indices in the region basically flat and the Fund performing pleasingly.

Perceptions of risk versus the reality

At times, investors receive a reminder about what real risk is, as opposed to the perception of risk. China is a salient example of this. Over the last several years, we have been treated to a cacophony of voices reporting on political risk in China and foreign investors have abandoned the place in droves, we believe. But let us reflect on the nature of political risk in a place which states clearly what its policy objectives are, and then goes about achieving them.

We sold our holdings in Tencent and Alibaba in November 2020 because of clear regulatory statements. Let us quote ourselves from our update from that month:

"The proximal trigger came on 10 November when China's State Administration for Market Regulation released draft antitrust rules. This was especially notable as it followed a revision to anti-monopoly laws earlier this year that specified the monitoring of the impacts of internet companies on outcomes in markets in which they operate. Behaviour targeted by the draft regulation includes: predatory pricing practices; forced exclusivity to gain access to platforms; forced bundling of transactions; and price discrimination using data on individuals (Source: Government releases)."

And yet we continue to see commentary regarding "political risk" in China.

China's restrained monetary response to COVID

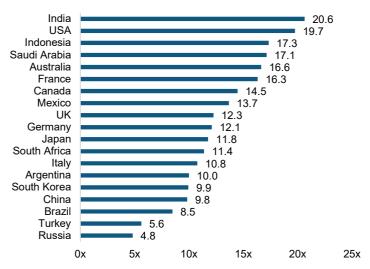
We are struck by the restraint of the Chinese response to COVID in terms of monetary and fiscal policy. This contrasts markedly to the country's incredible splurge following the global financial crisis (GFC). Please see the accompanying chart of M2 (money supply) growth in China over the last 20 years. It is worth contrasting this with the accompanying chart of US M2 growth over the same period – note the colossal money supply growth there in response to COVID. In our view, the Chinese M2 explosion was not highly inflationary, indeed it turned out to be deflationary, because it went largely toward productive assets like steel capacity, aluminium capacity, roads and bridges. However, it was very distortionary – resulting in serious bad debts in the banking system, which the country has spent the following decade trying to address. In contrast, the US experience has been a large increase in consumption and very strong inflation. What the longer-term outcomes will be we will not speculate. But it seems unlikely there will be no cost to pay for such monetary excesses.

Hence, when we are confronted by the consensus view that China is risky and the US is safe in terms of equity investments, we tend to disagree. Both places confer risks, which need to be assessed and priced. And we feel cautiously optimistic that we are being adequately compensated in price for the risks inherent in investing in China (please see accompanying valuation and earnings growth charts).



Source: Chart 3 – Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. Correct as at 5 February 2022.

Major market price-earnings ratios - Next 12 months



Source: Chart 1 – IBES consensus, in local currency. Correct as at 5 February 2022.



Source: Chart 2 – IBES consensus, in local currency. Correct as at 5 February 2022.



Source: Chart 4 - FactSet. Correct as at 5 February 2022.